Therapeutic Communications

Topics

- ****What is Communication?**
- **#Factors Affecting the Paramedic Interview**
- #Developing the Patient/Paramedic Relationship
- ****Nonverbal Communication Skills**
- ****Listening and Feedback Techniques**
- **#Difficult Communication Situations**

What is Communication?



- **#** Define
- #How do we communicate in our everyday lives?
- #Factors Leading to Communication failures

- ☑ First Impressions are CRITICAL!!!
- △ Address the Patient Professionally & Appropriately
- Use voice tone & inflection to demonstrate concern, confidence and reassurance
- Explain your actions and concerns to the patient using words he/she understands
- Choose the style of communication most appropriate for the situation

- △ Address the Patient Professionally & Appropriately
 - ☑What is your (the paramedic) name? Who are you?

 - "And your name sir?"

 - Sir, stop giving me sh

 and just listen

 and just l
 - Sir, What was your name again?"
 - ☑Be nice, polite and respectful EVEN to those who you feel don't deserve it

- - Well son, you deserve to get shot if you go around holding up banks."
 - ™Ma'am. If you don't want to go to the hospital let me know so that I can go back to bed"



"Oh it's just a homeless guy, not a real patient"

- Explain your actions and concerns to the patient using words he/she understands
 - **⊠**Be honest
 - Explain, in simple words, why you are doing something

 - ∠ Let the patient know what to expect

- Choose the style of communication most appropriate for the situation
 - XA calm, concerned voice generally works for most cases
 - May need to switch to more authoritative tone and expressions

Non-Verbal Communication Techniques

- **#Position & Location**
- **#Patient Expressions & Actions**

Non-Verbal Communication Techniques

****Position & Location**

- - ≥ enter "personal space" with caution

 - **≤** stance of the paramedic
 - compassionate touch if appropriate
- Location

Non-Verbal Communication Techniques

- ****Patient Expressions & Actions**
 - Patient relocates himself/herself
 - Expressions of fear, anxiety, pain, anger
 - Difficulty with speaking or attentiveness
 - Obviously abnormal mood such as depression, sadness, or apathy

Listening & Feedback Techniques

#Tips

- Reflection
- Facilitation
- Empathy
- Clarification
- Confrontation
- Interpretation
- Explanation